

Understanding where the FM 3509 Proposed Rock Quarry's sediments & contamination will flow into.



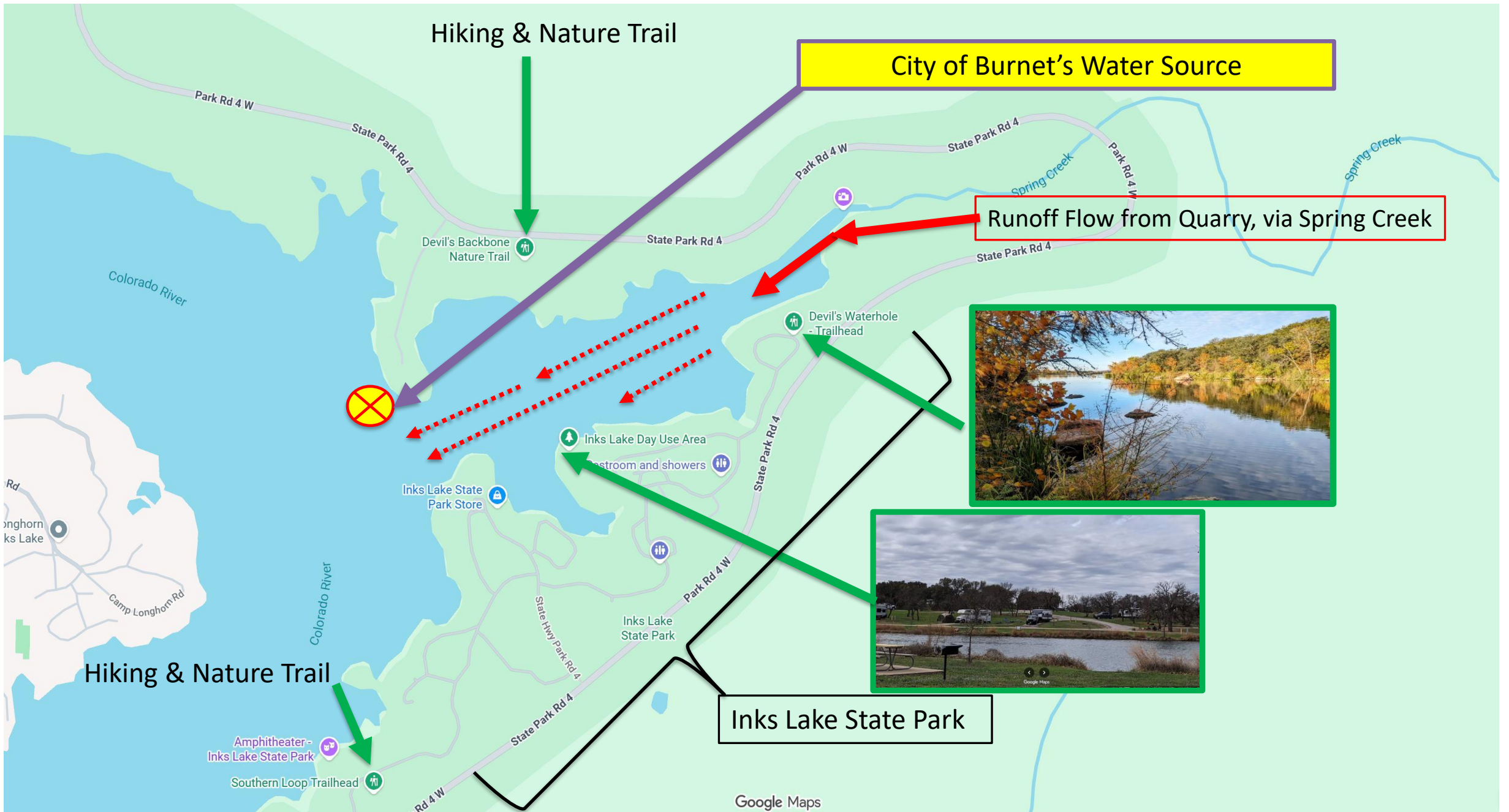
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Safety Concerns at the Plant: Contamination in Dust, Sludge & Aerosols

These particles can be:

- **Inhaled by workers,**
- **Blown onto neighboring properties, or**
- **Washed into waterways during storms.** Please reference the presentation provided to LCRA warning of a potential flood at the proposed Rock Quarry site which would wash all sludge from the Rock Quarry location into the highland Lakes water supply. this information was provided to LCRA 1 month prior to the July 3rd devastating floods. Also reference updated presentation on the SaveBurnet.com website that shows pictures of the floods at the proposed rock quarry site. Both presentations ("Irresponsible & Incompetent that LCRA & TCEQ issued permits to Asphalt Inc." & "Water concerns related to the proposed Rock Crushing plant on FM 3509") can be found by [Clicking Here](#), then scroll down to LCRA related information.

The information above is not hypothetical — it is a predictable.



Downstream Risk: Sludge and Contaminated Sediment Entering the Highland Lakes

The FM 3509 site drains toward waters that eventually feed the **Highland Lakes**, including **Inks Lake**, and **Lake LBJ**. These lakes are:

- Managed and protected by **LCRA's Highland Lakes Watershed Ordinance**
- Texas' primary drinking-water reservoirs**
- Used by **over 1–1.4 million residents**

If contaminated sludge or fine sediments enter these waters, even intermittently, several long-term risks can emerge:

Sediment Contamination:

Sediment and contamination can flow into Devil's Backbone cove at Inks lake via Spring Creek. This same cove is the home of Inks Lake State Park and includes:

- Devil's Backbone Nature and Hiking Trail
- Devil's Watering Hole & Nature Trail
- Inks Lake Day Use and Camping
- Intake for the City of Burnet Water Supply

